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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/558,097	12/06/2006	Jun-han Kang	29137.114.00	6358
	7590 06/23/200 <b>DNG &amp; ALDRIDG</b> E L	EXAMINER		
1900 K STREET, NW			BULLOCK, IN SUK C	
WASHINGTON, DC 20006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1797	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/23/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/558,097	KANG ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	IN SUK BULLOCK	1797		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mai earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, p			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and are subjected to by the Examination of the company of the specification is objected to by the Examination of the company of the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) are subjected to by the Examination of the company	rawn from consideration.  I/or election requirement.  ner.	Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction.  The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ection is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 8/2/2006 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered.

The reference submitted with the IDS is identified as SU 101123 and not RU 1011236 as listed therein.

## Claim Objections

Claim 18 is objected to because of the following informalities: the formula "KMgSO<sub>4</sub>" should be "KMgPO<sub>4</sub>". Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 18-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 18 is indefinite because it is not clear if the catalyst is a combination of three different catalysts (KMgSO<sub>4</sub>, a supported catalyst and a sintered catalyst) or if the

catalyst is a supported, sintered catalyst comprising KMgSO<sub>4</sub> as a catalytic component.

Dependent claims 19-21 are indefinite because they depend from claim 18.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U. S. Patent 4,217,333 to Loblich (hereinafter "Loblich").

Loblich discloses a composition comprising potassium magnesium phosphate (abstract). Applicants' intended use limitation "for hydrocarbon steam cracking" carries little weight. The reference composition is required only to be capable of performing the same function. Since the composition is the same, it would inherently be capable of performing the function claimed by applicants.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-8 and 10-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Application Publication 2005/0080308 to Jeong et al. (hereinafter "Jeong").

Jeong discloses a calcined catalyst comprising a mixture of potassium phosphate and a metal oxide wherein the content of potassium phosphate is in the range of 0.5 to 50 wt%. Magnesium oxide is exemplified as a metal oxide component of the catalyst. See page 2[0030]. A carrier such as alpha-alumina, silica is exemplified (page 2[0028]). The catalyst is used in a steam cracking process wherein the steam cracking is

conducted at a reaction temperature of 600 to 1000° C, weight ratio of steam/hydrocarbons of 0.3 to 1.0, and at an LHSV of 1 to 20 hr<sup>-1</sup> (page 3[0031]).

Applicable reactors for conducting steam cracking include a fixed bed, a fluidized bed and a moving bed (page 3[0032]). The catalyst is regenerated at a temperature of 500

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Jeong fails to disclose the claimed formula of KMgPO<sub>4</sub>.

to 1300° C in the presence of air, steam, or a mixture thereof (page 3[0034]).

Since Jeong discloses same components of the catalyst, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to employ the components in proportion reading on the claimed formula.

With regard to claims 5 and 11-14, it is noted that these are product-by-process claims. Where the claimed product appears to be the same or similar to that of the prior art, although produced by a different process, the burden shifts to the applicants to come forward with evidence establishing an unobvious difference between the claimed product and the prior art product. *In re Marosi*, 218 USPQ 289, 292 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

With regard to claims 6-8, 10, and 15-17, it is noted that these are directed to a process for making the claimed catalyst. Sine none of these claim recite particular precursors of each component of the catalyst, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to have selected any precursors to obtain the claimed catalyst absent a showing of criticality.

## Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 9 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the prior art does not disclose the claimed precursor of magnesium nitrate hydrate, potassium hydroxide and ammonium phosphate.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to IN SUK BULLOCK whose telephone number is (571)272-5954. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/In Suk Bullock/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797